

"The Middle Group of American Historians," 1917; "The Lost Fruits of Waterloo," 1918; "Our War With Germany," 1919; "Makers of a New Nation," 1928 (Pageant of America, vol. 9). He was a member of several historical organizations and an active participant in their affairs. He was elected to this Society in 1911. He attended most of the meetings and contributed two papers to the Proceedings, "The Round Hill School" in April 1917, and "The Nomination of Andrew Jackson" in April 1923. C. S. B.

ARCHIBALD CARY COOLIDGE

Archibald Cary Coolidge died in Boston, January 14, 1928. He was born in Boston, March 6, 1866, the son of Joseph Randolph and Julia Gardner Coolidge and was a direct descendant of Thomas Jefferson through Martha Jefferson who married Thomas M. Randolph. He was graduated from Harvard with the degree of A.B. in 1887, subsequent to which he studied in universities in France and Germany; receiving the degree of Ph.D. from the University at Freiburg in 1892. During the latter part of his stay in Europe, he was also engaged in the diplomatic service, as acting secretary of the American legation at St. Petersburg in the winter of 1890-1891; as private secretary to his uncle, Thomas Jefferson Coolidge, minister to France, in the spring of 1892; and as secretary of the American legation at Vienna in 1893. He then returned to Harvard where he became attached to the history department, serving as instructor from 1893 to 1899, assistant professor from 1899 to 1908 and professor since 1908. In 1910 he was chosen director of the University library and this task engrossed him for the remainder of his life. He acquired some of the most important of European private collections, buying them himself when college funds were wanting; he engineered the revision of the card catalogue, and stimulated others to carry through this momentous

undertaking; and by his own enthusiasm and energy he inspired others to become important donors to the library, both in money and in books.

Mr. Coolidge received many honors during his active life. He went with the Taft party to the Philippine Islands in 1905-1906, was Harvard lecturer at the Sorbonne in 1906-1907, was a delegate to the Pan-American Scientific Congress in Chile in 1908-1909, was Harvard exchange professor at the University of Berlin in 1913-1914, was special agent of the State Department in Sweden and Northern Russia in 1918, was chief of missions in Vienna and Paris attached to the peace conference in 1919, and in 1921 joined the American Relief Administration in Russia. He was a member of many learned societies, including this Society, to which he was elected in 1911. He was founder and editor of the political review "Foreign Affairs," and was the author of "The United States as a World Power," 1908, and "The Origins of the Triple Alliance," 1917. In 1920 he delivered the Lowell lectures on "The New States of Central Europe." He was unmarried and was survived by four brothers.

C. S. B.

BENJAMIN THOMAS HILL

Benjamin Thomas Hill died in Worcester, November 9, 1927. He was born in this city, March 22, 1863, the son of J. Henry Hill, a prominent lawyer of his day, and Sarah (Bruce) Hill. He fitted for college at St. Mark's School and was graduated from Harvard College in 1886 and from Harvard Law School in 1889. Although he practiced law in his native city until his death, it was as a historian and local antiquarian that he was best known. Probably no one has ever lived in Worcester who was so familiar with its history, with the careers and antecedents of its families and with its picturesque growth from a small shire town to a populous city. His collection of views of Worcester

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